IEP vs. 504 Plan What is an IPE?

Presented by:

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IEP

Basic Description

A blueprint or plan for a child's special education experience at school.

504 Plan

A blueprint or plan for how a child will have access to learning at school.

504 Plan **IEP Provides** Provides services and What It individualized changes to the learning Does special education environment to meet the and related services needs of the child as to meet the unique adequately as other needs of the child. students. These services are provided at no cost to As with IEPs, a 504 plan the parents. provided at no cost to parents.

504 Plan **IEP** The Individuals with Section 504 of the **What Law Disabilities Education** Rehabilitation Act of **Applies** Act (IDEA) 1973. This is a federal This is a federal civil special education law for children with rights law to stop disabilities. discrimination against people with disabilities.

IEP

Who is Eligible

To get an IEP, there are two requirements:

- 1. A child has one or more of the 13 specific disabilities listed in IDEA. Learning and attention issues may qualify.
- 2. The disability must affect the child's educational performance and/or ability to learn and benefit from the general education curriculum.

504 Plan

To get a 504 plan, there are two requirements:

- 1. A child has any disability, which can include many learning or attention issues.
- 2. The disability must interfere with the child's ability to learn in a general education classroom. Section 504 has a broader definition of a disability than IDEA. That's why a child who doesn't qualify for an IEP might still be able to get a 504 plan.

IEP

Who Creates the Program/Plan

There are strict legal requirements about who participates. An IEP is created by an IEP team that must include:

- The child's parent
- At least one of the child's general education teachers
- At least one special education teacher
- School psychologist or other specialist who can interpret evaluation results.
- A district representative with authority over special education services

With a few exceptions the entire team must be present for IEP meetings.

504 Plan

The rules about who's on the 504 team are less specific than they are for an IEP.

A 504 plan is created by a team of people who are familiar with the child and who understand the evaluation data and special service options. This might include:

- The child's parent
- General and special education teacher
- The school principal

IEP

What's in the Program/Plan

There IEP sets learning goals for a child and describes the services the school will give him/her. It's a written document.

Here are some of the most important Things the IEP must include:

 The child's present levels of academic and functional performance – how he/she is currently doing in school.

504 Plan

There is no standard 504 plan. unlike an IEP, a 504 plan does not have to be written document.

A 504 plan generally includes following:

 Specific accommodations supports of services for the child.

IEP

What's in the Program/Plan

- The child's present levels of academic and functional performance how he/she is currently doing in school.
- Annual education goals for the child and how the school will track her progress.
- The services the child will get this may include special education, related, supplementary and extended school year services

504 Plan

- Names of who will provide each service.
- Name of the person responsible for ensuring the plan is implemented.

IEP

504 Plan

What's in the Program/Plan

- The timing of services when they start, how often they occur and how long they last.
- Any accommodations changes to the child's learning environment.
- Any modifications changes to what the child is expected to learn or know.
- How the child will participate in standardized tests.
- How the child will be included in general education classes and school activities.

IEP

Parent Consent

When the school wants to change a child's services or placement, it has to tell parents in writing before the change. This is called prior written notice. Notice is also required for any IEP meetings and evaluations.

Parents also have "stay put" rights to keep services in place while there's a dispute.

504 Plan

The school must notify parents about evaluation or a "significant change" in placement. Notice doesn't have to be in writing, but most schools do so anyways.

IEP

How Often It's Reviewed and Revised

The IEP team must review the IEP at least once a year.

The student must be reevaluated every three years to determine Whether services are still needed.

504 Plan

The rules vary by state. Generally, a 504 plan is reviewed each year and a reevaluation is done every three years or when needed.

	IEP	504 Plan
How to Resolve Disputes	IDEA gives parents several specific ways to resolve disputes (usually in this order):	Section 504 gives parents several options for resolving disagreements with the school:
	 •Mediation •Due process complaint •Resolution session •Civil lawsuit •State complaint •Lawsuit 	 •Mediation •Alternative dispute resolution •Impartial hearing •Complaint to the Office of Civil Rights (OCR) •Lawsuit

IEP

Funding/Costs

Students receive these services at no charge.
States receive additional funding for eligible students.

504 Plan

Students receive these services at no charge.

States do not receive extra funding for eligible students. But the federal government can take funding away from programs (including schools) that don't comply.

IDEA funds can't be used to serve students with 504 plans.

